

o From: Andy Cooper, Yamaha Commercial Audio

o To: 24th AES-UK Conference,

The Ins and Outs of Audio.







Itinerary

- o Introduction
- o CobraNet
- o EtherSound
- Optocore
- o Dante
- o RockNet
- Others: present & future
- o Summary & Questions...

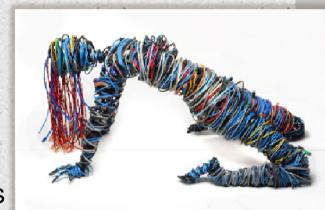




- Andy Cooper
 Manager, Commercial Audio Support Centre
 Based in London, covering all of Europe.
- Worked for Yamaha since 1999
- Worked with audio networks since 2002
 - o Training, system design, trouble-shooting
- Gained first-hand experience with all the major audio networking formats
 - o In small, medium, large and enormous systems!



- o Increase audio quality
 - Reduced losses over long distance
 - Less AD & DA conversions needed
- o Increase scalability
 - Easily add devices to a system
 - Modify a system for different projects
- o Reduce costs
 - Analogue cable is a huge expense for multiple channels over long distance
- Reduce labour
 - Installation time & effort is lower, mainly due to thin & flexible cables









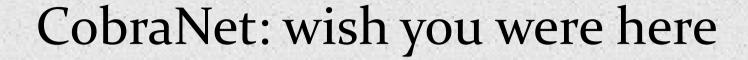
Welcome to CobraNet



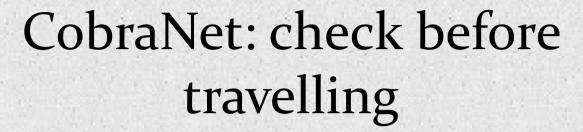
- A licensed network protocol, Ethernet compatible
- Used in Yamaha products since 2002
- Used by more pro audio manufacturers than any other network protocol so far...
- Still the most widely used audio network...
- ...but no further development in recent years.



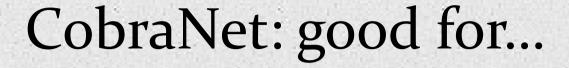
o More details from www.cobranet.info



- Huge range of available devices from many manufacturers
- Fully 100MB Ethernet compatible (layer 2)
 - Use regular Ethernet switches, cables, mediaconverters
- Build large networks with over 200 devices
- Most devices include connections for redundancy



- Latency is normally 5.33ms, but can be less for small networks.
- Devices cannot transmit more than 32 channels, and cannot receive more than 32 channels
- Different software applications needed to program different products
- Maximum of 64 audio channels each way in each network segment (100MB bandwidth restriction)
- Channels have to be transmitted in "bundles", identified by a 5-digit number
 - O Between 2 and 8 channels per bundle



- Lower cost network infrastructure based on 100MB equipment
- Providing complete networks with redundancy
 - Compatible with networking protocols such as Link Aggregation & Spanning-Tree.
- Transmitting a small number of channels to many destinations
- Pick & choose from a wide range of available products



o Cruise Ships: used by P&O, Holland-America, Costa





o Cruise Ships:

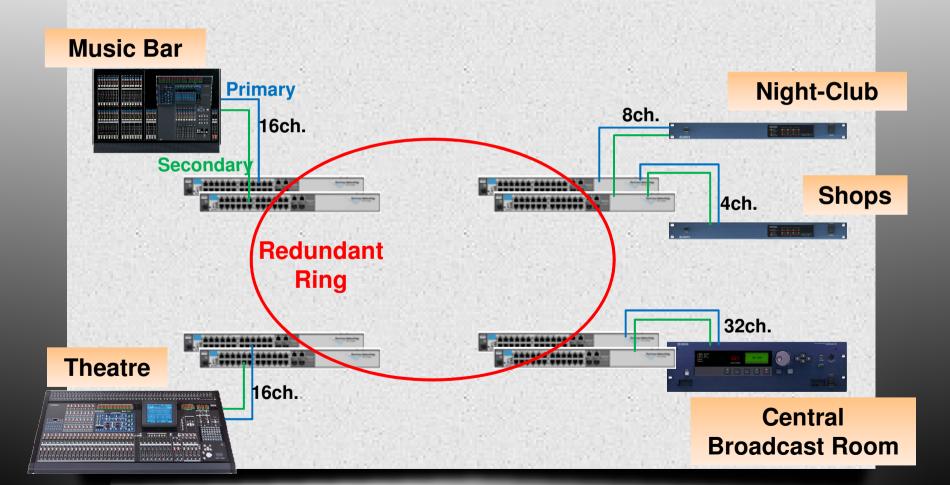
- o Transmit background music & announcements to multiple locations
- Link larger venues to smaller venues
- Link mixers to speaker processors within venues
- O Provide redundancy to reduce remote maintenance needs
- o Lower the weight, size and cost of cable installation
- o Improve audio quality (compared to using long analogue cables)







CobraNet in a Cruise Ship

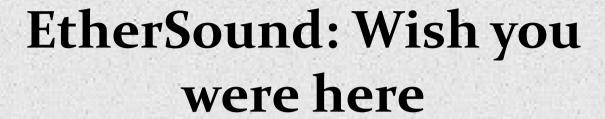


EtherSound





- A licensed network protocol, semi-Ethernet compatible
- Used in Yamaha products since 2004
- o Patented by Digigram in 2001
- Over 30 Pro Audio Licensees
- Popular choice for live sound: Stage-box to Console
 & Console to Speaker-Processor connections
- o More details from www.ethersou



Very low latency: 0.125ms from device 1 to device
 2, add 1.4µs for each additional device.

 Simple daisy-chain network, without the need for Ethernet switches

 Most devices use rugged Neutrik EtherCON connectors: good for touring & mobile events

 Just one software application is needed to setup and monitor devices from many manufacturers

Continuous development & improvements have been taking place...



- Limited to 64 channels each way (with 100MB network)
- Latency is not completely consistent (though always remains very low)
- Limited support for non daisy-chain topologies
- Redundancy is only possible in small networks (64 channels totally), by creating a ring
- Slightly higher cost than CobraNet & Dante (for lochannel-count devices)

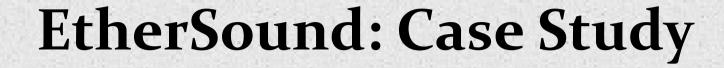


- Systems that need very low latency (like stage monitors for live sound)
- Networking without the need for IT equipment (Ethernet switches are not needed)
- Systems with few devices transmitting a reasonable number of channels (up to 64 per device)

An EtherSound Postcard

Palazzo Dei Congressi, Lugano,
 Switzerland





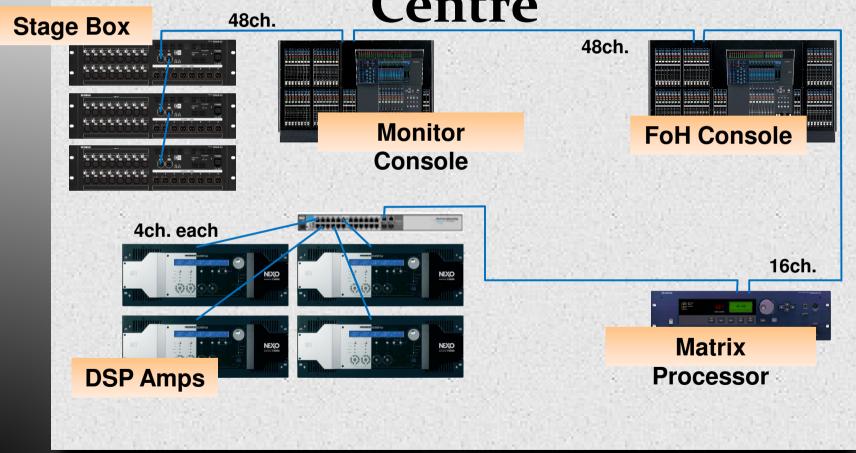
- Palazzo Dei Congressi, Lugano, Switzerland
 - 48 channels of EtherSound from Stage Boxes to Monitor & FoH mixers
 - 8 channels from FoH to Output Matrix
 Processor
 - From Matrix Processors t(2 & 4 channels per amp)





EtherSound in a Congress

Centre



Optocore





- A proprietary network type
 - Using fibre-optics
 - Not compatible with Ethernet
 - O But can carry Ethernet data inside!
- o Company founded in 2003
- Used in Yamaha products since 2006
- o More details from www.optocore.de







- 2GB bandwidth for the new range of products, allowing around 1000 audio channels in the network
 - o 1GB for previous range, 512 audio channels
- Synchronous audio transmission with just 41.6µs latency
- Redundant double-ring topology using fibre-optics
 - And most devices have dual power supplies for redundancy
- o Interfaces with MADI, AES/EBU, Ethernet data, serial data, and analogue audio!



- Limited number of nodes per network ring (up to 24 devices in a ring)
- Products only available from Optocore distribution channels
 - Limited product & support availability
- Relatively expensive (cost per network audio channel) for smaller systems
 - Though a lower cost CAT5 solution has recently been introduced (called "SANE")



- Large networks carrying many audio channels over long distances
- Ring networks where redundancy is crucial
- Carrying Ethernet data with the audio signals through the fibre

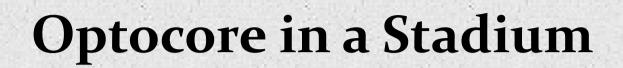


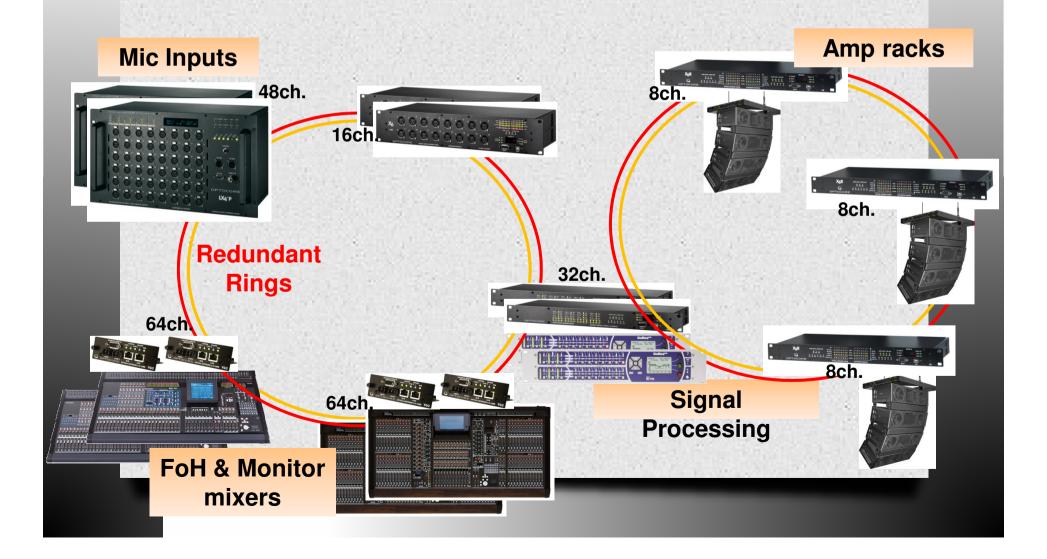
- Athens Olympics 2004
- o Beijing Olympics 2008





- o Large-scale Events:
 - Carry many audio channels long distances via fibre
 - Mic preamps in different locations around the stadium
 - Central location for mixing & signal processing
 - Separate location for broadcast sound
 - Many distributed points for PA amplification around the stadium



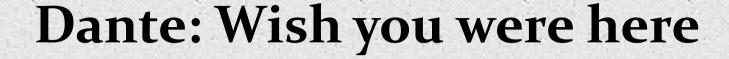


Dante





- A licensed network protocol, Ethernet compliant
- Used in Yamaha products since 2010
- Rapidly gaining popularity throughout the last two years
- Compatible with future AVB standards
- Continuous development of new modules, software features...
- o More details from www.audinate.com



- Lower cost modules than CobraNet & EtherSound
- o Fully 100MB, 1GB, 10GB Ethernet compatible
 - Use regular Ethernet switches, cables, mediaconverters
 - o Integrate with existing networks
- Easy computer recording interface
- Sample accurate sync, with latency less that
 1ms
- Build large networks with over 200 devices over 500 channels
- redundancy



- Control software currently lacking some key features
 - o Eg. Serial data tunnelling, password protection
- A limited range of devices are available so far...





- Integrating audio with existing IT networks
 - VoIP style QoS means separate VLANs aren't needed
- Networks demanding low latency, highly accurate sync
 - Eg. Live sound PA, recording studio monitoring...
- Designing & building temporary networks in a short space of time
 - o Festivals & exhibitions

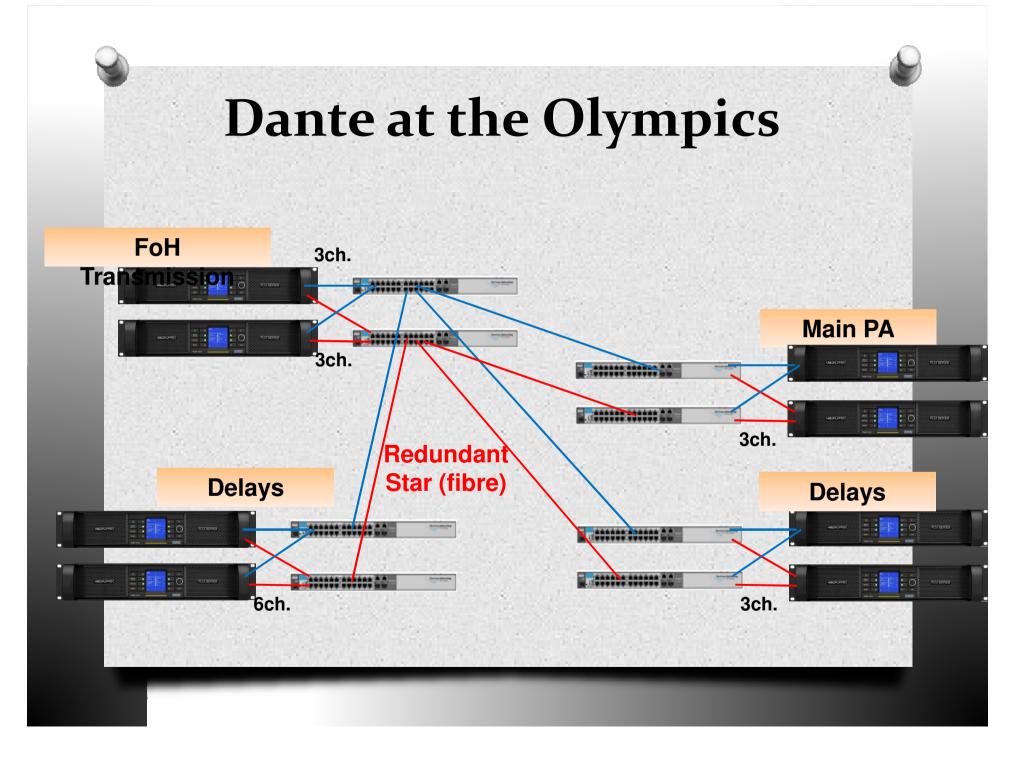


o Winter Olympics 2010, Canada





- Winter Olympics 2010: Vancouver,
 Canada
 - More than 100 Dante devices
 - Mostly Lab.gruppen amps with Lake processing
 - o 6 transmitting devices, 104 receiving devices
 - o 1GB Fibre Optic network
 - Full redundancy



Riedel RockNet





- o A proprietary network type, using CAT5 cable
 - O Not Ethernet compatible
- Audio network developed in 2006
- Used in Yamaha products since 2005
- o More details from www.riedel.net





- 160 audio channels (48kHz) in CAT5 cable, up to 150m
 - Lower cost RockNet-100 has 80 channels
- Simple redundant ring topology, with up to 99 devices
- Less than 1ms latency, even from analogue in to analogue out
- No Ethernet networking knowledge required
- Don't need a computer to set it up
- Interfaces for a variety of mixing console manufacturers



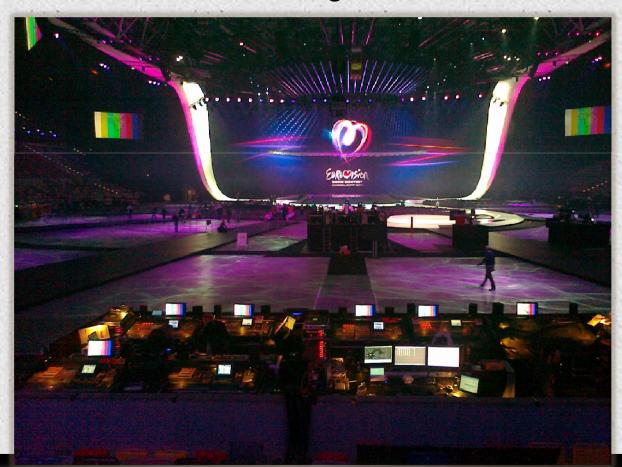
- Analogue audio interfaces only come in small units: 8ch per device
- Limited range of digital audio interfaces
 - o AES/EBU & MADI only
- Channels have to be patched in 4-channel bundles
- Not compatible with Ethernet switches and fibreconverters
- Small data bandwidth within the network (up t 10Mbps)



- Small / Medium sized networks with redundancy
- Link with Riedel MediorNet for larger applications
 - 20GB Fibre network for carrying multiple video, audio, data streams
- Link multiple mixing consoles with stageboxes, and provide an "Independent Gain" function



Eurovision Song Contest 2011

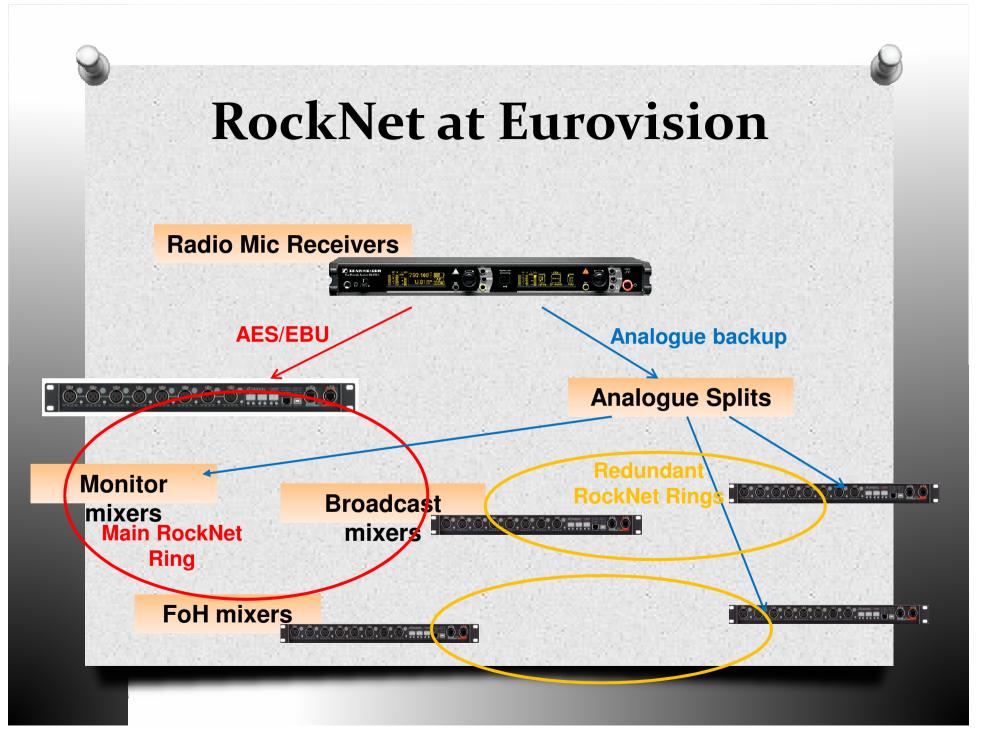




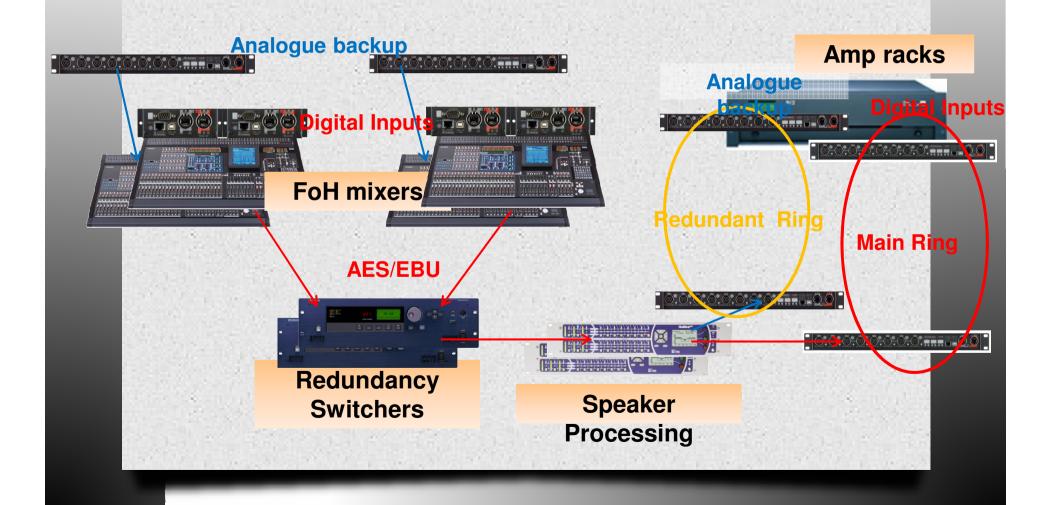


RockNet: Case Study

- RockNet at Eurovision Song Contest 2011
 - Link Stage Boxes to Monitor, FoH & Broadcast mixing consoles
 - Link FoH speaker processing to amp racks
- RockNet was planned to be used within MediorNet, to utilise the greater bandwidth of the fibre ring network
 - But the audio part was not working reliably, despite many tests
- So multiple RockNet rings were formed with dedicated fibre-optic converters for long distance links
- consoles











Lessons Learnt:

- Integrating audio, video, light control onto the same network is a great idea...
 - O Until something goes wrong!
 - o It becomes a hassle to trouble-shoot
 - o Nobody knows the whole system!
- For large temporary events, keep the audio in a separate network
- o For similar reasons, you also may prefer to keep a proprietary network out of the mixer...
 - Having a network interface card for the console can save cost and reduce number of cables...
 - But usually the network experts don't know the console, and the console experts don't know the network
- Alternative: use AES or MADI interfaces between the console and the network





Other Audio Networks

- O Aviom
- o AES-50
- o Roland REAC
- o Ravenna
- o AVB





- O A proprietary network, not compatible with Ethernet
- Aviom A-net used in Yamaha consoles since 2004, for personal monitoring. 16 channels
- Pro64 since 2006. 64 channels, similar concept to RockNet
 - Channels routed in groups of 4
 - Wider choice of hardware devices
- Use in a daisy-chain, or with dedicated hubs
- o More popular in USA, rarely seen in Europe
 - House of Worship
 - O Arts Centres
 - Conference Facilities
 - o Education
- o www.aviom.com









AES-50

- AES50 (also known as "SuperMAC") is actually a point-to-point technology operating over 100Mbit/s Ethernet
 - Published in 2005
 - Use specialist routers to create star-networks
 - Basically only currently used by Klark-Teknik & Midas
- o 48 channels (24 at 96kHz), 3-sample latency
- o "HyperMAC" is a higher capacity equivalent
 - o 192 channels (at 96kHz) using CAT6 or Fibre cables
 - Also carries 200Mbit/s of IP-based
- o www.supermac-hypermac.com





- Roland Ethernet Audio Communication
- A proprietary protocol, but based on 100base-TX Ethernet, using CAT5e cable
- Use Ethernet switches for splitting, but need dedicated devices for merging
- 40 audio channels (24bit/96kHz) + some
 MIDI & control data
 - Just 0.375ms latency
- o http://www.rolandsystemsgroup.net/



- Announced in 2010
- Similar in concept to Dante
 - o In fact, uncannily similar...
 - Using common IT equipment and standards
 - o Ethernet compatible, yet license-free
- Primarily focussed on broadcast industry
- Just a handful of partners so far
 - o Lawo, Innovason, Genelec, Merging...
 - No significant products yet
- o http://ravenna.alcnetworx.com/







Review...

	Туре	Ethernet Compatible?	Typical Latency	Channel Count
CobraNet	Licensed	Yes	5.33ms	64 bi- directional
EtherSound	Licensed	Partly	0.25ms	64 bi- directional
Dante	Licensed	Yes	0.5ms	Over 500
Optocore	Proprietary	No	0.041ms	1,000
RockNet	Proprietary	No	0.4ms	160
Aviom	Proprietary	No	0.8ms	64
REAC	Proprietary	Partly	0.375ms	40 bi- directional
Ravenna	License-free	Yes	<1ms	Over 500





Proprietary vs. licensed

- Licensed products tend to be more widely available, and its easier to find an "expert" to help with system design or trouble-shooting
- Proprietary products tend to make a more cohesive system, designed with specific applications in mind
 - Therefore, sometimes less flexible, sometimes more suitable...
- Licensed network technology has more information available to users /system designers / trouble-shooters
- With Proprietary products, if something goes wrong, at least you know who to blame!
- o Sound quality?
 - Under normal conditions, its impossible to hear any







- Audio-Video Bridging
- IEEE standardised transport protocol (primarily) for audio and video data over Ethernet
- AVnu Alliance exists to promote interoperability between devices designed & manufactured by its member organisations
- o For more details see www.avnu.org



- Synchronisation to a common time-base
 - Using Precision Time Protocol (PTP) IEEE 802.1 AS
 - o (actually similar to what Dante is doing now)
- Guaranteed bandwidth for important data
 - 802.1Qat Stream Reservation Protocol (SRP)
 - Particularly important in congested 100MB networks
- Priority given to the most important data
 - 802.1Qav Queuing and Forwarding Protocol
 - O Regular non time-sensitive traffic will not interfere with audio & video data



- Off-the-shelf AVB compatible switches will be easier to use & setup than many of the current switches needed for Dante, CobraNet etc.
 - But more expensive and less readily available (at least to begin with)
 - Regular Ethernet switches will not be compatible with AVB
- Both Dante and EtherSound offer lower latency than AVB promises
 - o AVB promises "2ms over 7 switch hops at 100Mbps"
- Existing Dante products will be compatible with AVB after a future firmware upgrade
- o There is no license fee for manufacturers to use AVB, so future products should eventually be (slightly) lower cost

Any Questions?

o Thank you for listening...



